Annex A

Prudential Indicators 2023/24 Mon 2 (05.10.23)

	Prudential Indicator		2023/24	2024/25	2025/26	2026/27	2026/27	
1	Capital expenditure							
	To allow the authority	GF	£98.2m	£134.1m	£53.7m	£35.1m	£24.3m	
	to plan for capital financing as a result of the capital programme and enable the monitoring of capital	HRA	£37.5m	£52.5m	£32.8m	£42.5m	£12.1m	
		Other LT	£0.0m	£3.2m	£0.5m	£0.5m	£0.5m	
	budgets.	Total	£135.7m	£189.8m	£87.0m	£78.1m	£36.9m	
2	CFR Indicates the Council's							
	underlying need to borrow money for capital purposes. The	GF	£328.7m	£398.9m	£401.0m	£410.1m	£416.1m	
	majority of the capital programme is funded	HRA	£146.4m	£149.8m	£153.4m	£153.4m	£153.4m	
	through government support, government grant or the use of	Other LT	£41.7m	£43.9m	£42.6m	£41.5m	£40.3m	
	capital receipts. The use of borrowing	Total	£516.8m	£592.6m	£597.0m	£605.0m	£609.8m	
3	increases the CFR. Liability Benchmark				-			
	The Liability Benchmark is based on current capital plans and cash flow assumptions, therefore giving the Council an indication of how much it needs to borrow, when it is likely to need to borrow, and where to match maturities to its planned borrowing needs. The liability benchmark makes no assumption about the level of future prudential borrowing in unknown capital budgets.	(areal 030 llave) area laws (areal 030 llave) area laws (areal 030 llave) area laws (areal 030 llave) area laws (areal 030 llave) area laws (area 1030 llave) area 1030 llave) area laws (area 1030 llave) area 1030						
4	Ratio of financing costs to net revenue							
	stream An estimate of the cost of borrowing in relation to the net cost of	GF HRA	11.99% 13.10%	16.28% 12.57%	17.78%	17.81%	17.84%	
	Council services to be met from government grant and council taxpayers. In the case of the HRA the net	Total	12.20%	15.57%	16.73%	16.73%	16.72%	

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	Prudential Indicator		2023/24	2024/25	2025/26	2026/27	2026/27	
	revenue stream is the income from rents. Note that financing costs include debt and other long-term liabilities such as PFI and Leases.							
5	External debt To ensure that borrowing levels are prudent over the medium term the Council's external borrowing, net of investments, must only be for a capital purpose and so not exceed the CFR.	Gross Debt Invest Net Debt	£385.0m £15.0m £370.0m	£468.5m £15.0m £453.5m	£483.3m £15.0m £468.3m	£502.1m £15.0m £487.1m	£519.0m £15.0m £504.0m	
6 a	Authorised limit for external debt The authorised limit is a level set above the operational boundary in acceptance that the operational boundary may well be breached because of cash flows. It represents an absolute maximum level of debt that could be sustained for only a short period of time. The council sets an operational boundary for its total external debt, gross of investments, separately identifying borrowing from other long-term liabilities.	Borrowing CFR / Other long term liabilities	£590.9m £30.0m £620.9m (£620.9m set at 2023/24 Strategy)	£602.6m £30.0m £632.6m (Based on current CFR projection)	£607.0m £30.0m £637.0m (Based on current CFR projection)	£615.0m £30.0m £645.0m (Based on current CFR projection)	£619.8m £30.0m £649.8m (Based on current CFR projection)	

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	Prudential Indicator		2023/24	2024/25	2025/26	2026/27	2026/27	
6	Operational							
b	boundary for							
	external debt							
	The operational							
	boundary is a measure	ant						
	of the most likely,	me						
	prudent, level of debt.	ire						
	It takes account of risk	nb						
	management and	Re	£516.8m	£592.6m	£597.0m	£605.0m	£609.8m	
	analysis to arrive at	t₹						
	the maximum level of	ipir	£74.1m	£10.0m	£10.0m	£10.0m	£10.0m	
	debt projected as part	iqu						
	of this prudent		£590.9m	£602.6m	£607.0m	£615.0m	£619.8m	
	assessment. It is a	ern						
	means by which the	Ĩ.⊥						
	authority manages its	ort	((- .	·			
	external debt to	Sh	(£590.9m	(Based on	(Based on	(Based on	(Based on	
	ensure that it remains	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	set at	current	current	current	current	
	within the self-imposed		2023/24	CFR	CFR	CFR	CFR	
	authority limit. It is a	C C	Strategy)	projection)	projection)	projection)	projection)	
	direct link between the	ing						
	Council's plans for	Borrowing CFR / Short Term Liquidity Requirement						
	capital expenditure;	orre						
	our estimates of the	В						
	capital financing							
	requirement; and							
	estimated operational							
	cash flow for the year.							

						Annex A			
	Prudential Indicator		2021/22	2022/23	2023/24	2024/25	2025/26		
7	Maturity structure of fixed rate borrowing To minimise the	Maturity profile of debt against approved limits	Maturity Profile	Debt (£)	Debt (%)	Approved Minimum Limit	Approved Maximum Limit		
	impact of debt maturity on the cash flow of the Council. Over exposure to debt maturity in any one year could mean that the Council has insufficient liquidity to meet its repayment liabilities, and as a result could be exposed to risk of interest rate fluctuations in the future where loans are maturing. The Council therefore sets limits whereby long-term loans mature in		Less than 1 yr 1 to 2 yrs 2 to 5 yrs 5 to 10 yrs 10 yrs and above Total	£11.2m £16.4m £43.0m £80.7m £150.0m £301.3m	4% 5% 14% 27% 50% 100%	0% 0% 0% 30%	30% 30% 40% 90%	In line with the TMSS Lobo loans are shown as due at their next call date as this is the date the lender could require payment.	
	different periods thus spreading the risk.								
7	Upper limit for total principal sums invested for over 364 days The Council sets an upper limit for each forward financial year period for the level of investments that mature in over 364 days. These limits reduce the liquidity and interest rate risk associated with investing for more than one year.	Limit / (Current investments greater than 364 days maturing in year)	£15.0m (£0.0m)	£15.0m (£0.0m)	£15.0m (£0.0m)	£15.0m (£0.0m)	£15.0m (£0.0m)		